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BVINT – NEWSLETTER / OCTOBER 2020

Edition 10, October 31st, 2020



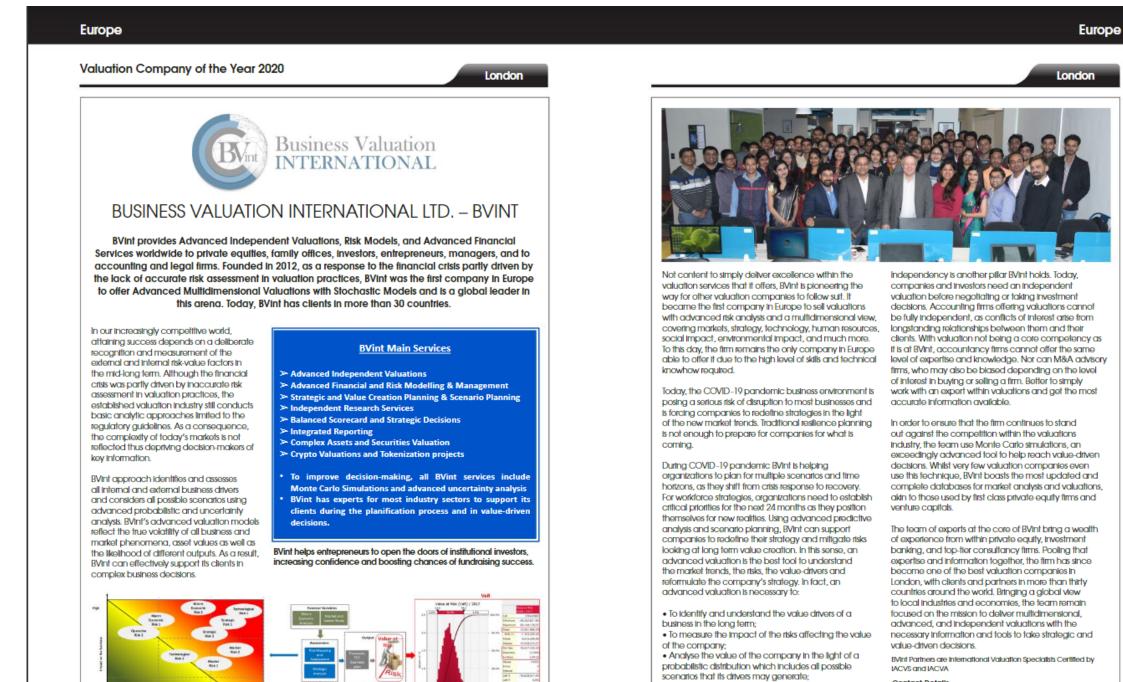
- businesses?



1 – BVint Awarded Valuation Company of the Year

We are pleased to announce that the prestigious GLOBAL100 magazine has awarded BVint as the "Valuation Company of the Year 2020". Last year, we were awarded "Valuation Company of the year 2019 – London" by the SME magazine.

The competition mainly takes into account the quality of our products and services as well as the recommendations of some customers. The award confirms the high recognition given by our clients, which demonstrates the customer's trust and appreciation for our work.



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• To have the information to elaborate a strategic value

creation plan aimed at mitigating risks and capturing



2 – How Can we be Accurate when Valuing Start-ups businesses?

2.1- Valuing Start-up Businesses

If you are an entrepreneur looking for investment for your earlystage start-up, you may wonder "What is my company worth?".

Some entrepreneurs and business professionals believe that the answer to this question can be quite challenging to formulate. Many believe that most start-up valuations only depend on a negotiation; a balance of setting a price that is acceptable to the founders but also agreeable to the investors. In other words, they believe that there is no general rule of putting a price on a startup.

This belief is WRONG, and unfortunately, this causes severe distortions on the valuation and losses for the entrepreneurs who have no rationale to defend a price.

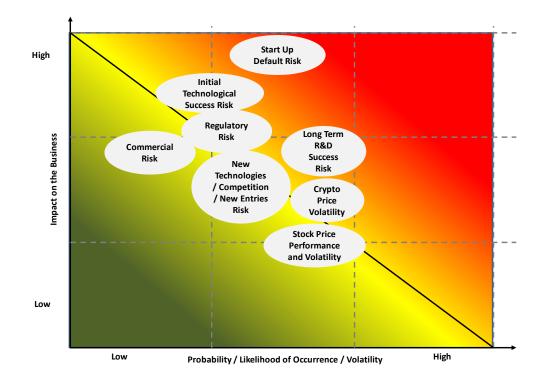
Venture capitals work on robust valuations which calculates how much the company is or will be worth in the future. Such valuations require the following necessary steps:

- 1. Analysis of the business model and technology
- 2. Management skills and experience
- 3. Analysis of the market
- 4. Benchmarking with other product/services
- 5. Analysis of possible business and commercial strategies
- 6. Advanced Risk Analysis with uncertainty analysis
- An accurate calculation of the Cost of Capital or Discount Rate (WACC) using not only the capital asset pricing model (CAPM) but also the additional variables required for start-ups businesses.
- Elaboration of an accurate forecast using both scenario and probabilistic analysis. The projections should be driven by those risks identified and assessed during the market and business analysis.
- Valuation using the Value at Risk (VaR) methodology which offers much more information than traditional models and it's

2.2- A Sample Case using the VaR methodology

We show a sample case for a Crypto Bank start-up.

1. The first step is to identify risk drivers and assess them placing them in a risk map like the one of the figures below:



- 2. The Second Step is to elaborate a forecast considering business strategy, market potential, and the risk drivers assessed in the previous step. We use probabilistic scenarios based on statistics and benchmarking.
- 3. We then discount the free cash flows and obtain the Value at Risk (VaR) shown in the figure below. The VaR is a measure of the risk of loss for investments. It estimates how much a set of investments might lose (with a given probability). The VaR is a distribution of probable valuations, being the median (the value at the 50th percentile) the fair value.
- 4. The VaR gives us a lot of useful information, as shown in the blue square below. For instance: What is the most I can lose on this investment? What is the maximum risk in terms of probability an investor is willing to take?

necessary for decision making at early stages.

- Analysis of comparables in the same micro sector with and the same stage of development as well as fundraising round.
- Calculation of the future valuation evolution of the business
- Analysis of the expected valuation at the year of sale (terminal value at time of the exit)

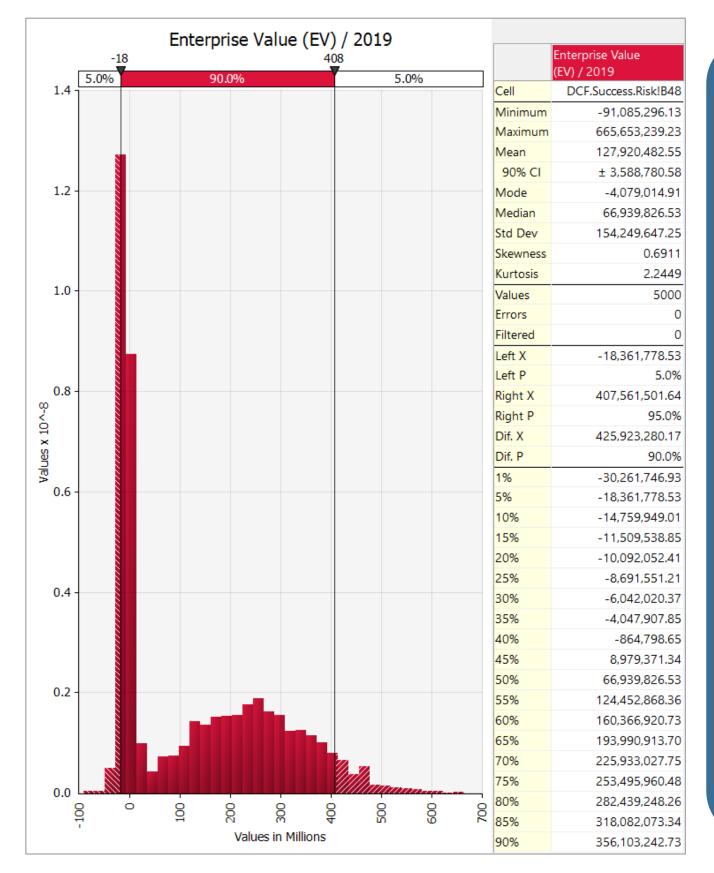
The Belief that there is no general nor accurate rule of putting a price on a start-up, and it can only be based on negotiations is WRONG, and unfortunately this causes severe distortions on the valuation and losses for the entrepreneurs who have no rationale to defend a price.

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VaR with Start up Default Risk

- There is a 35% probability in which market scenarios and drivers might generate a negative value (driven by start up risk default probabilities)
- There is a 20% probability in which market scenarios and drivers might generate a value between USD 0 M & USD 100 M.
- There is a 35% probability in which market scenarios and drivers might generate a value between USD 100 M & USD 300 M.
- There is a 9% probability in which market scenarios and drivers might generate a value between to USD 300 M & USD 665 M. These are the most successful scenarios in which market share targets are completely achieved.
- <u>The Median Value of all those scenarios is</u> <u>USD 66,939,826.</u> The Mean value is USD 127,920,482 with a standard deviation of USD 154,249,647. The high standard deviation is mainly driven by the start up risk.

Tornado graphs from a sensitivity analysis display a ranking of the input distributions that impact an output. Inputs with the largest impact on the distribution of the output have the longest (and topmost) bars in the graph (Change in Output Mean). Samples for an input are grouped into a set of equalsized bins, ranging from the input's lowest value to its highest. A value for a statistic of the output (such as its mean) is calculated for the output values in the iterations associated with each bin. The length of the bar shown for each input distribution is based on the range of the highest statistic value for any bin to the lowest statistic value. The highest statistic value is plotted on one end of the bar and the lowest statistic value for any bin is plotted on the other end. These are "double-sided" tornado graphs, where each bar ranges above

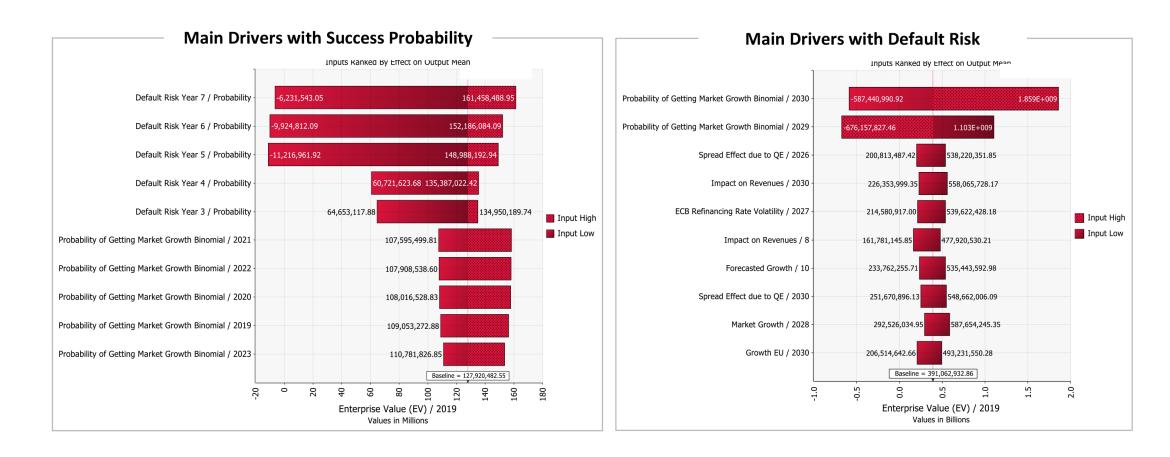
and below the baseline, or center, of the graph.

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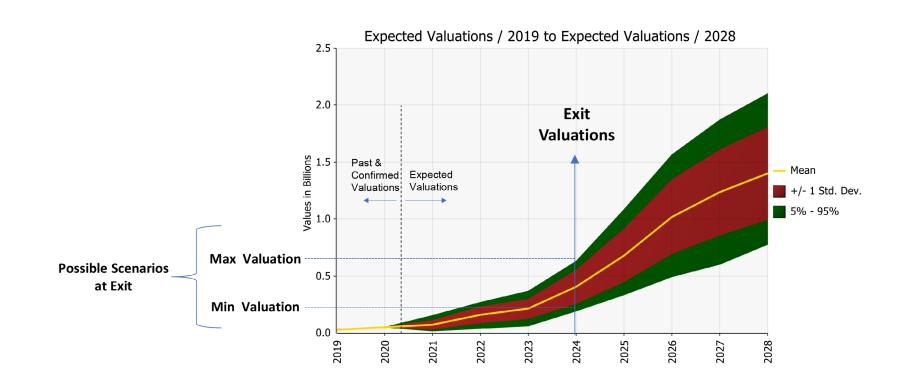


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As shown in the tornado graphs, the main risk drivers (those with higher volatilities or higher probabilities of occurrence) are the default risk, the management success probability of capturing market share, the market growth, The effect of the European Central Bank Quantitative Easing on Interests rates, etc.



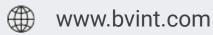
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